

Tabla de primitivas

$$1. \int \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]dx = f(x) + C$$

$$2. \int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C \quad (n \neq -1)$$

$$3. \int \frac{dx}{x} = \ln|x| + C$$

$$4. \int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

$$5. \int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C \quad (a > 0, a \neq 1)$$

$$6. \int \operatorname{sen} x dx = -\cos x + C$$

$$7. \int \operatorname{cos} x dx = \operatorname{sen} x + C$$

$$8. \int \tan x dx = -\ln|\cos x| + C$$

$$9. \int \sec x dx = \ln|\sec x + \tan x| + C$$

$$10. \int \operatorname{csc} x dx = \ln|\operatorname{csc} x - \cot x| + C$$

$$11. \int \cot x dx = \ln|\operatorname{sen} x| + C$$

$$12. \int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$$

$$13. \int \operatorname{csc}^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$$

$$14. \int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$$

$$15. \int \operatorname{csc} x \cot x dx = -\operatorname{csc} x + C$$

$$16. \int \frac{dx}{x^2+a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \arctan(x/a) + C$$

$$17. \int \frac{dx}{x^2-a^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x-a}{x+a} \right| + C$$

$$18. \int \frac{dx}{a^2-x^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right| + C$$

$$19. \int \sqrt{x^2+a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [x\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + a^2 \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}|] + C$$

$$20. \int \sqrt{x^2-a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [x\sqrt{x^2-a^2} - a^2 \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2-a^2}|] + C$$

$$21. \int \sqrt{a^2-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [x\sqrt{a^2-x^2} + a^2 \operatorname{arcsen}(x/a)] + C$$

$$22. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} = \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}| + C$$

$$23. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} = \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2-a^2}| + C$$

$$24. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} = \operatorname{arcsen}(x/a) + C$$
